**The name of the academic discipline:**

**“Modernization Processes in the History of Modern and Contemporary Times”**

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| **Specialty code and name** | 7-06-0222-01 History |
| **Year of study** | 1 |
| **Semester of study** | 1, 2 |
| **Number of in-class academic hours:** | 72 |
| **Lectures****Seminar classes** **Practical classes****Laboratory classes** | 36 |
| 36 |
| - |
| - |
| **Form of the current assessment (*credit/ graded credit /exam*)** | exam / exam |
| **Number of credit points** | 6 |
| **Competences** | Be able to predict the conditions for the implementation of professional activities and solve professional problems in conditions of uncertainty. Conduct a comparative analysis of advanced achievements in the field of historical knowledge and use its results in practical activities. Study the course of development of human society and its patterns, interpret the results obtained and, based on them, generate prognostic solutions, ensure the development of historical memory institutions. Analyze key political and economic processes of the studied countries and regions in historical retrospect. Systematize and classify social and ethnocultural processes, explain their influence on the historical development of society. |
| **Summary of the academic discipline:**Theoretical and methodological approaches to the study of modernization processes in the history of modern and contemporary times. Main categories and concepts. Sources and historiography. The concept of "industrial civilization". The concept of "modernization". The main characteristics of European modernization. The concept of "industrialization". Problems of modernization in an agrarian country. Changes in agriculture - "agrarian revolution". Weber's and Marxist concepts of modernization. Modernization and society. Urbanization. The concept of "political modernization", its manifestations in Western Europe and the USA. Vectors of modernization: discussions at the turn of the 19th - 20th centuries. Socio-economic processes. Evolution of the political system. Political doctrines and movements. European revolutions. International relations. Scientific and technological revolution. Pluralism of cultural styles and trends. Modern society and world society. Postmodern and post-industrial society. |